

FIRMER BLOCKADE BY THE ENGLISH IS URGED BY FRANCE

Advocates of Stringent Measures Ready to Press Question in Commons.

SHOW ANGER AT U. S.

Writers in the Press Display Strong Opposition to Conciliatory Measures.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—France has urged England to declare an immediate blockade without waiting for further protests from neutrals, it was reported today, on the eve of the formal discussion of the blockade proposals by the Government in Parliament.

The pronouncement of French officials has greatly strengthened the position of Lord Charles Balfour and his leading advocates of a stringent blockade. They predicted today that the sentiment in their favor will be displayed so strongly in the House of Commons to-morrow that the Government will be forced to take immediate action.

The blockade advocates claim a large majority in Commons in support of that policy. They declared that a blocking decree should go hand in hand with the adoption of a conscription measure to prove to Germany that England is in deadly earnest.

Reports that the Swedish Parliament has appointed a committee on defense, though given an cautious interpretation in some quarters, only gave further encouragement to the blockade supporters. They will argue in Parliament that by decisive and immediate action the Government can cut off objections from neutral sources.

In a letter in the Morning Post today declaring for an immediate blockade of Germany, Lord Balfour also protests against the action of the British Government in honoring peace.

ports of German-Americans. The Post prints a letter from another writer declaring that Englishmen are not well liked in the United States and that Great Britain should not go out of her way to conciliate America. The Standard declared today that the Government will make important announcements regarding restrictions on importations when the blockade question comes up in Commons.

GERMANS HARD PRESSED BY RUSSIANS AT PINK

Petrograd Reports That the Slavs Are Within Three Miles of City.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 25.—Russian troops, pressing down from the north-east, have approached to within three miles of the city of Pinsk, according to despatches received here today. The Germans are strengthening their positions along the Ogipaki canal, north of Pinsk, to meet the expected Slav attack. The movement against Pinsk is an extension of the offensive launched against the Austro-Germans in the Kovel-Seray railroad region a few weeks ago.

Pinsk was occupied by German troops under Field Marshal von Mackensen in the Teuton drive following the capture of Warsaw. The Germans halted their eastward drive at Pinsk and Mackensen then moved upon the Balkans. There have been no previous reports of a Russian advance on Pinsk.

COMPULSION IN BRITAIN BECOMES LAW FEB. 1

Bill Passes Commons and Gets Prompt First Reading in House of Lords.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—The Military Service Bill passed the third reading in the House of Commons last night by a vote of 383 to 26. It was immediately sent to the House of Lords, where it was given its first reading. The second reading will come on Wednesday next, and probably will be prorogued Friday. The bill will then receive the royal assent immediately and become a law on Feb. 1.

GERMAN AIRSHIPS RAID BELGIAN COAST CITY

Two Bombs Dunkirk; One Is Shot Down by British Aviator at Nieuport.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—Two German aeroplanes bombed the French seaport town of Dunkirk at 6 o'clock this morning, the Admiralty announced. Two hours later a German aviator was shot down by a British aviator at Nieuport, several miles from Dunkirk, on the seacoast.

REFUSE ARMOR PLATE FACTS TO SENATORS

Manufacturers by Keeping Cost of Product Secret Fail to Halt Bill They Oppose.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Armor plate manufacturers today flatly refused to tell the Senate Naval Affairs Committee the actual cost of their products. As a result the hearing by which they hoped to postpone the favorable report on the Government armor plate bill is practically at an end. The measure will be favorably reported.

SAYS HOT WATER EACH DAY KEEPS THE DOCTOR AWAY

Drink glass of hot water before breakfast to wash out the poisons.

Life is not merely to live, but to live well, eat well, digest well, work well, sleep well, look well. What a glorious condition to attain, and yet how very easy it is if one will only adopt the morning ritual.

Those who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when they arise, afflicted with headache, stuffy nose, cold, foul tongue, nasty breath, acid stomach, can, instead, feel as fresh as a daisy by opening the sluices of the system each morning and flushing out the whole of the internal poisonous stagnant matter.

Everyone, whether ailing, sick or well, should, each morning, before breakfast, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, acids and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast. While you are enjoying your breakfast the water and phosphate is quietly extracting a large volume of water from the blood and getting ready for a thorough flushing of all the inside organs.

The millions of people who are bothered with constipation, biliousness, stomach trouble, rheumatism, other ailments, skin diseases, blood disorders and sickly complexions, are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store, which will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone a pronounced crank on the subject of internal sanitation.—Advt.

TURKS SAY BRITISH PENNED UP AT KUT ARE IN GRAVE PERIL

Declare Lack of Water and Food May Force Surrender of Townsman's Troops.

BERLIN (via Amsterdam), Jan. 25.—Turkish troops east of Kut-el-Amara have been reinforced by the arrival of artillery and infantry from Baghdad and have repulsed every attempt of the British to advance to the relief of Gen. Townshend's beleaguered garrison.

Constantinople reported today that Townshend's troops have ceased making sorties from the Kut-el-Amara forts, evidently lacking ammunition. The Tigris floods have poured in upon many wells in the region of Kut, making their water unfit for drinking purposes. Baghdad despatches predict that the British garrison will soon be forced to surrender by exhaustion of their water and food supply.

The Turks are conserving their forces and making no infantry assaults upon the defenses of Kut. They have contented themselves thus far with shelling the outer forts and strengthening their works east of the town, from which direction Gen. Aylmer attempted to approach with the relief force.

The floods not only have prevented the British from making effective attacks, but have forced them to relinquish positions they won more than a week ago.

GERMANS SHELL NANCY WITH LONG-RANGE GUNS

Renewal of Attacks on the French City, Reported From Paris.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—The city of Nancy was again bombarded yesterday by long-range German guns. In the afternoon a number of bombs were dropped from German aeroplanes.

The damage from the bombardment was inconsiderable and only two persons were wounded, while the aeroplanes attack is reported to have been without result.

It was announced from Paris on Jan. 8 that during the three preceding days six persons had been killed and ten wounded in Nancy as the result of a bombardment of the city by German sixteen-inch guns. On that day President Poincaré went to Nancy and passed the entire day there. As a precautionary measure the art works in the galleries of the city were removed to Troyes. Safe conducts were issued to 30,000 persons to leave the city on the occasion of the three days' bombardment.

MONTENEGRIN KING NOW SAFE IN FRANCE

He Arrives at Lyons and Joins His Wife and Their Two Daughters.

LYONS, Jan. 25.—King Nicholas of Montenegro, accompanied by Crown Prince Danilo, by Prince Peter and by Princess Miliza and by seven officers and thirty soldiers of his staff, arrived here last evening from Italy in King Victor Emmanuel's private car. He was received at the railway station by the municipal authorities, who welcomed him in the name of President Poincaré. The King's wife and two daughters arrived last week.

M. Denis Cochin called at the hotel at which King Nicholas is displacing to welcome him in the name of the French Government, of which M. Cochin is a member without portfolio. A crowd assembled during the interview, which lasted for twenty minutes. The King later appeared twice on the balcony of the hotel to bow his acknowledgments to the cheering throng.

SULTAN'S YACHT HIT BY FRENCH TORPEDO

Attacked by a Submarine on the Bosphorus, but Is Still Afloat.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Athens says that the Sultan's yacht Erthrogol, according to reports from Constantinople, was torpedoed in the Bosphorus by a French submarine in the latter part of December. The vessel was seriously injured, but is still afloat.

The same despatch states that Field Marshal Baron von der Goltz has been appointed commander-in-chief of the Turkish forces in the Caucasus.

The Turkish imperial yacht Erthrogol was built at Elswick in 1902. It is 206 feet long and has a displacement of 900 tons and an armament of eight three-pounders.

Staff Gives Gaily a Diamond Badge. County Clerk J. Vincent Gaily of the Bronx was presented with a diamond-studded gold badge last night at the luncheon he gave to his staff. Some of the guests and speakers were Supreme Court Justice Tierney, District Attorney Francis Martin, Judge Gibbs, John Kadel, Stephen A. Nugent, George Heffer and Henry M. Schiffer. John V. McNulty was toastmaster.

British Investigative Service Sinking. LONDON, Jan. 25.—The British Government has ordered that a formal investigation be made of the circumstances attending the sinking of the steamship Persia in the Mediterranean last month.

THOMPSON SCORNS PROPOSAL TO CUT OFF P. S. INQUIRY

One Condition First Attached to \$30,000 Appropriation Is Dealt With Summarily.

GETS MONEY ANYWAY.

Declares the Investigation Will Continue After Effort to Squelch It Is Blocked.

(Special from a Staff Correspondent of The Evening World.)

ALBANY, Jan. 25.—The Capital and the hotel corridors have been buzzing with gossip today to the effect that Senator George F. Thompson, in consideration of the appropriation by the Legislature of \$30,000 for the Public Service Investigation Commission, of which he is chairman, had agreed to discontinue his investigations in New York City and close out his activities along public service investigation lines.

Senator Thompson, when his attention was called to the gossip this afternoon, said:

"The investigation in New York City is going right along. I have planned to continue these for three weeks. If at the end of that period I have developed leads to warrant continued activity I shall go right on, even though it takes six weeks."

"I won't say that the proposition to do our work in New York City after two or three more hearings wasn't made to me. I won't say that it was not suggested to me that it is time I stopped investigating and made a report. I will say that I have entered into no agreement of any kind with anybody in the Legislature or out."

"There are no strings on the \$30,000 appropriation. Furthermore, if the committee continues to perform the sort of public service it has already performed and needs more money I am going to ask for the money, and I think I'll get it."

"Say to the readers of The Evening World for me that anybody who says I have been bluffed away from my purpose of going into the public service situation in New York along the lines I have already outlined is a liar."

Senator Thompson also said he had been informed that the Assembly would adopt to-morrow the resolutions appropriating the \$30,000 additional for the committee and extending the time for making a report until March 7. There will be no conditions attached to the appropriation.

The Assembly Ways and Means Committee today voted to report favorably the \$30,000 resolution.

After taking this action the committee adjourned to meet later in the day to consider the resolutions of Assemblyman McQuiston designed to provide for a legislative investigation of all committee expense accounts.

Consideration of the McQuiston resolutions by the committee was ordered by the Assembly after a motion to discharge the committee had been defeated unanimously.

The action of the Assembly and the consideration by the committee are considered by leaders here as foreshadowing an early adjustment of the expense account difficulties which have involved the Republican majority for several days.

Assembly leaders predicted that instead of an investigation of committee expenses the legislative law would be amended so as to change the system of accounting and prevent pro-rating. A proposal to embody an amendment to the McQuiston resolution was tentatively discussed during the committee recess and was approved by several of the members. Earlier in the day both Majority Leader Adler and Minority Leader Callahan had suggested such an amendment.

HOW THOMPSON'S DEMAND WAS MET.

Whatever element sought to appease the Thompson committee selected the wrong kind of gas. No one was more surprised than Senator Thompson when the legislative proceedings last night proved him to be as much of a hero as a statesman as he is in Albany, and the reasons are not based on the foundation of easy State money for legislative committee work.

It is recognized in Albany that Senator Thompson's committee is performing a work of great benefit not only to the City of New York but to the State.

There was a disposition current a few days ago to take advantage of whatever public resentment might be aroused over the hotel bills of the Thompson Committee. That disposition expired to the accompaniment of more or less angry when the legislative factors working against Thompson realized that he had percentage from a political standpoint.

With an important election approaching, the alibi statesmen came to the front last night in the Assembly. Many of these were strong for the plan to choke off the Thompson Committee until Assemblymen Hamilton Fish of Putnam introduced bills calling for vouchers from every member

of the Legislature that ever spent a penny of the State's money. The McQuiston and Fish resolutions are on their way to oblivion.

Gov. Whitman never knew how many friends he has in the lower branch of the Legislature until the members of legislative committees that have spent the money of the State rallied to his support yesterday evening. However fleeting may be the friendship, it is quite conclusive at this time, for the bills of the Whitman party that travelled to San Francisco cannot become a proper subject for legislative inquiry for a month and a half.

As was pointed out by Assemblyman Callahan of the Bronx, the leader of the Assembly minority, the commission appointed by the State of New York to put up a building and generally represent the Empire State at the San Francisco Exposition was given a spell of ninety days after the close of the Fair in which to prepare an accounting. Just half the period allotted by law has elapsed. The San Francisco Fair closed on Dec. 4. The report of the commission is not due until March 4, and in the mean time it would be indecorous of the Legislature to ask for a check-up from a body created by itself and ordered to report at a certain time.

WHITMAN HAD WRONG TIP AS TO THE COMMITTEE.

The sudden determination of the legislative bosses last night to comply with Thompson's demands and send inquiries into money spent by special legislative committees followed a conference late in the afternoon, of Gov. Whitman, Lieut. Gov. Schoenck, Assembly Speaker Sweet, Republican Senate Leader Brown, Republican Assembly Leader Adler and Chairman Maier of the Assembly Ways and Means Committee.

It was indicated to Gov. Whitman and Sweet, both of whom have favored the proposal to squelch Thompson, that an undertaking of this sort would be political folly. Gov. Whitman readily assented to the suggestion that Thompson's committee be permitted to continue its work, making it clear that he had been laboring under the impression that Thompson had revealed about all there was to be found in the line of official misconduct by Public Service Commissioners.

Sweet was at first obdurate, largely because he had made many statements condemning Thompson and saying he would insist that Thompson quit. At length Sweet surrendered to the importunities of the others. Later he said that if Thompson could prove to him further developments of importance might result from a continuation of the committee's life he would consent to have the Assembly pass Thompson's two resolutions.

The conference, lasting more than two hours, was in Gov. Whitman's office. There was no room for words. The Governor was told Thompson would not accept any compromise and "would split things wide open" if the effort to block his inquiry were pressed.

It was pointed out that disaster might follow revelations concerning pro-rated expenditures of past legislative committees, involving both Republicans and Democrats. As a result, the Governor was told the Democrats in both branches of the Legislature would unite with Thompson's followers in forcing the adoption of his resolutions.

Anxious, in view of all these circumstances, to restore harmony, Mr. Whitman advised conciliatory measures. Upon his suggestion and the advice of Republican Senate Leader Brown, emissaries were despatched by the conferees to Thompson and his lieutenant, who were advised to say nothing at last night's session of the Senate. Thompson did so, saying that when the Senate adjourned and he was alone he would say no further obstacles would be placed in his way.

MUST WAIT TWO YEARS FOR NEW 16-INCH GUNS

Gen. Crozier Tells Congressmen It Will Take Nine Months Alone to Design Mobile Howitzers.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The first of the new 16-inch mobile howitzers cannot be delivered to the army for two years. Before the House Military Committee today, Brig. Gen. Crozier, Chief of Ordnance, said it would take nine months alone to complete designs for the guns, and another year to make the first gun for testing.

The Ordnance experts also are preparing to construct 26 16-inch rifles, long range, heavy weapons to be mounted in turrets as part of the fixed fortifications. The General gave no estimate of time necessary to construct them. He said he had seen reports that 17-inch guns were being mounted on new German battleships, but had no official information.

Gen. Crozier estimated that in six months a large army could be supplied with machine guns and rifles by arsenals and private plants, provided equipment to convert private plants to build Government models was held ready by the Government.

MAIN MONTENEGRIN ARMY SURRENDERS

The Entire Country Now Held by Invaders, Says Berlin Report.

BERLIN (via wireless to Sayville, L. I.), Jan. 25.—The main Montenegrin army has surrendered to the Austrians and the whole of Montenegro is now held by the invaders, according to despatches received here today.

HILLES THINKS T. R. IS NOT LOOKING FOR PRESIDENTIAL HONORS

Speaking of Hughes, He Says No Man Is Big Enough to Refuse Nomination.

CHICAGO, Jan. 25.—Charles D. Hilles, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, before leaving for New York today after attending the session of the sub-committee on arrangements for the party national convention in June, discussed the possible candidacies of Col. Roosevelt and Justice Hughes for the Republican nomination for President. In speaking of Col. Roosevelt, he said:

"All the information I have on the subject is to the effect that Col. Roosevelt is not a candidate for the Republican nomination for President. He has declined to permit his name to go on the primary ballot in the only three States where it has been suggested, Minnesota, Nebraska and Michigan. That indicates that he is not a candidate."

"In the statement issued by Chairman Perkins and the Progressive National Committee it was made plain that any reasonably satisfactory man would be acceptable as the Republican nominee. They insisted that they meant just what they said and we will take the statement at its face value."

In regard to Justice Hughes, no one knows just what his attitude is today toward the Presidency. In discussing the subject with a friend in 1912 Justice Hughes said when he went to the United States Supreme Court Bench he took the veil and renounced the world. I think he was in earnest when he made that statement, but whether he has since changed his mind I do not know. There is no man big enough to refuse the Presidency in my opinion. If he were nominated without his consent I have no idea what he would do."

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

(With net changes from previous closing.)

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